





#### MANAGING FRESHWATER INFLOWS TO ESTUARIES Human dimensions of the Yuna Watershed and Samana Bay Estuary.



Tobey, J. (2004). Human dimensions of the Yuna Watershed and Samana Bay Estuary. Presented at: The Influence of the Yuna Watershed on the Estuary of Samana Bay (September 21), Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic. Narragansett, RI: Coastal Resources Center, University of Rhode Island.

## **Human Dimensions of** the Yuna Water Shed and Samana Bay Estuary

#### James Tobey

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### Land Use and Water Dependent Sectors

- Agriculture --
  - 2/3 of national rice production



- comes from within the Yuna watershed boundaries
- Policies have promoted rice production (irrigation infrastructure, low water use fees, subsidized credit)
- Mining --
  - Falconbridge nickel-iron mine in Bonao
  - Pueblo Viejo gold mine in Cotui
  - Riverbed sand mining



Land Use and Water Dependent Sectors

- Dams, irrigation and hydropower
- Urban water demand -- Bonao, San Fco Macoris, Cotui
- Tourism -- Samana, Los Haitises
- Fisheries -- Principal livelihood in Sanchez. About 15,000 families dependent on fisheries















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Impacts of human activities on ecology of Samana Bay



- Pollution (toxins, nutrient loading) from agriculture, mining, cities
  - decreases in shrimp, crab and fish production and increases in health risks from seafood consumption
  - loss of endangered species (marine turtles, manatee)



- Reduced freshwater

   inflows during the dry
   season due to withdrawals
   for agriculture and
   municipal use
  - impacts on salinity distribution in the estuary and shifts in biological resources (particularly mangroves)



- Increased flooding and sedimentation due to deforestation, irrigation canals, sand mining
  - loss of seagrass beds, losses of production of shrimp, oyster and conch, changes in distribution of mangrove species
- Overfishing
  - impact on shrimp and fish populations





#### **Key information needs for Phase 2**

- Further analysis of river flow trends
- Mapping of biological resources in the estuary
- Data on salinity structure, bathymetry and historical trends in mangrove distribution
- Information on groundwater flows in Samana Bay
- Assessment of information on toxics and their movement in the food chain

#### Initial Findings on River Flow Patterns

• Analysis of pre- and post-dam gauging data shows greater average monthly flows in post-dam period

#### **Priorities for Phase 2**

- Analysis of precipitation trends to verify whether rainfall in the post-dam period has been significantly greater than during the pre-dam period
- Review operating plan for Hatillo Dam to evaluate its impacts on daily river flow fluctuations

#### ...better understanding of the perceptions and concerns of key stakeholder groups

- User groups dependent on renewable ecosystem goods and services
  - Samana Bay fishing community
  - Ecotourism business
  - Rice farmers and irrigation users
- National and international institutions
  - Conservation NGOs
  - SEMARN and INDRHI
  - Secretaría de Agricultura

#### ...better understanding of scenarios for future changes to freshwater inflows

- Construction of new dam and irrigation canals at Piedra Gorda, Bonao?
- Expanded rice production and agrochemical use?
- Mining?
- Construction of new international airport?
- Other development (tourism, aquaculture)?

## **Priority for Phase 2**

 Review operating plans for proposed Piedra Gorda dam to evaluate possible impacts on river flows in the Yuna

## **Governance highlights**

- Planning and decision making for the estuary and the watershed are traditionally made in isolation of one another
- There have been many projects on watershed development and conservation
  - but, there is not an integrated national water law and no watershed resources council
- There have been many efforts on integrated and community-based coastal resources management in Samana Bay area
  - but, there is little experience with EIA's, funding for MIC is weak and there is no ICM legislation or policy

#### **Priorities for Phase 2**

 Consultations with government and other stakeholders to assess the potential for forming a watershed-wide council or commission to advance integrated watershed management

# Gracias!